# Patrician College of Arts and Science

# DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

**Subject: INCOME TAX - I** 

Code : CVZ5A

**Even Semester: FIFTH SEMESTER** 

#### Presented By

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# INDIVIDUAL TAXATION (AY 2019-20) & Return filing



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SUB CODE:-CVZ5A



# POINTS OF PRESENTATION

- ☐ Introduction & Background
- ☐ Why, Need
- ☐ Heads of Income, Slab in India
- **□** Exemptions
- **□** Deduction
- ☐ ITR filing procedures
- ☐ Payment of Tax/Refund
- **□**Benefits of ITR filing
- **□** Conclusion



# Brief History of Income Tax in India:

"In this world nothing can be said to be certain, except death and taxes."

Benjamin Franklin

- ❖ Tax is a mandatory liability for every citizen of the country. There are two types of tax in India i.e. direct and indirect.
- ❖ Taxation in India is rooted from the period of *Manu Smriti and Arthasastra*. Present Indian tax system is based on this ancient tax system which was based on the theory of maximum social welfare.



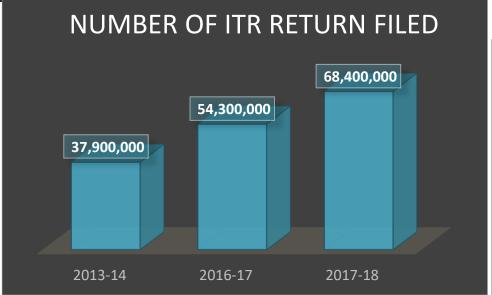
# Brief History of Income Tax in India:

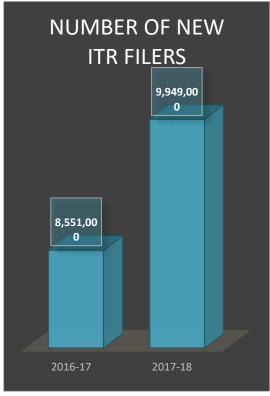
- In India, this tax was introduced for the first time in 1860, by *Sir James Wilson* in order to meet the losses sustained by the Government on account of the Military Mutiny of 1857.
- In 1918, a new income tax was passed and again it was replaced by another new act which was passed in 1922. This Act remained in force up to the assessment year 1961-62 with numerous amendments.
- In consultation with the Ministry of Law finally the Income Tax Act, 1961 was passed. The Income Tax Act 1961 has been brought into force with 1 April 1962. It applies to the whole of India and Sikkim (including Jammu and Kashmir).

Since 1962 several amendments of far-reaching nature have been made in the Income Tax Act by the Union Budget every year.



# **Present Scenario in India in case of ITR**



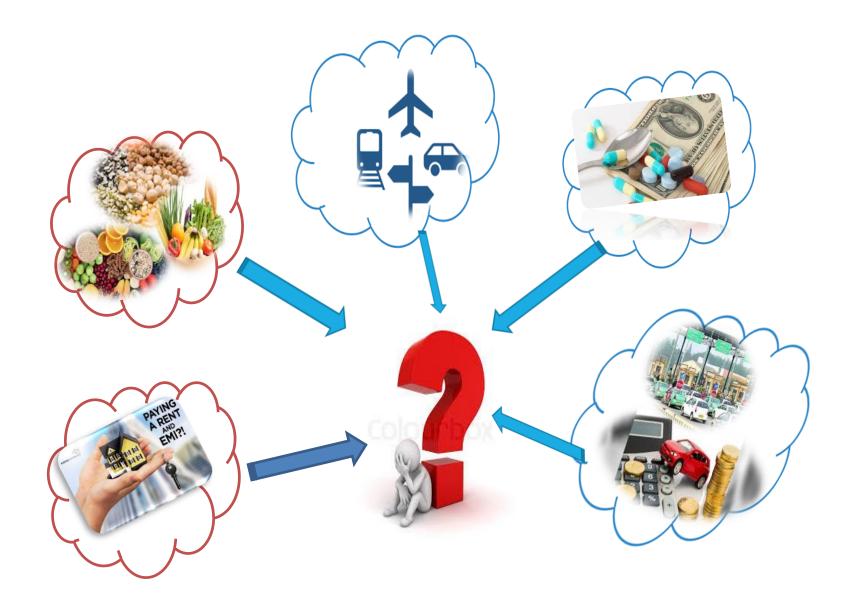




#### People raise the question 'Why should I pay tax?

#### They argue:

- ❖ I have to pay for my food, for my house, for my travel, for my medical treatment, for owning a vehicle not only cost of vehicle but also vehicle tax and what not.
- ❖ Even on many roads, one has to pay toll tax! They also say that if we compare with countries like USA and UK, the people get social security as also medical facilities virtually without any cost. But India does not offer such facilities.





# What Government Do from our

#### <u>TAX?</u>

- The Government provide Health care through Government hospitals (usually they
  offer service without any cost), Education (In Municipal and Government schools
  the fee is negligible).
- The Government also provides cooking gas at concessional rate or gives subsidy.
- Of course the major expenditure of Government has to be incurred on National Defense, Infrastructure Developments etc.
- Taxes are used by the government for carrying out various welfare schemes including employment programs.
- There are Lakhs of employees in various departments and the administrative cost has to be borne by the Government.
- Though the judicial process involves delay, yet the Salaries, perks of Judges,
   Magistrates and judicial staff has also to be paid by the Government.
- Thus on considering these various duties of the Government, we need to appreciate that we must pay tax as per law. We have to act like a responsible citizen.



#### Tax Slab

#### Income Tax slab for AY 2018-19 (AY 2019-20)

General Public (Under 60 Yrs Age)   Senior Citizens (60-80 Yrs. age)		Very Senior Citizens (More than 80 Yrs Age)			
Income tax Slab	Rate of Tax	Income tax Slab	Rate of Tax	Income tax Slab	Rate of Tax
Upto Rs. 2.5 Lakhs	Nil	Upto Rs. 3 Lakhs	Nil	Upto Rs. 5 Lakhs	Nil
Rs. 2.5- 5 Lakhs	5%	Rs. 3- 5 Lakhs	5%	Rs. 5- 10 Lakhs	20%
Rs. 5-10 Lakhs	20%	Rs. 5-10 Lakhs	20%	Above Rs. 10 Lakhs	30%
Above Rs. 10 Lakhs	30%	Above Rs. 10 Lakhs	30%		

- ☐ Education Cess 3% +Health Cess of 1 %
- ☐ Surcharge of 10% on Rs. 50 Lakhs to Rs. 1 crore
  - + Income earners
- ☐ Surcharge of 15% on Rs. 1 Cr. Plus income earners
- ☐ Tax credit of Rs. 2,500/- for income upto Rs. 3.5 Lakhs u/s 87A
- ☐ Standard deduction of Rs. 40,000/-for Salaried

#### **HEADS OF INCOME**

- 1. Income from Salary.
- 2. Income from House property.
- 3. Income from Business / Profession
- 4. Income from Capital Gains.
- 5. Income from Other Sources.















#### **Important**

#### <u>Terms</u>

- **\*** Assessee
- **Assessment Year (A.Y. 2019-20)**
- **Previous Year (F.Y. 2018-19)**
- \* Residential Status
- **&** Gross Total Income
- **Deductions**
- **❖** Total Income



#### **Important Terms**

**Definition** of 'Assessee' – Section 2(7) of Income Tax.

As per S. 2(7) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, unless the context otherwise requires, the term "assessee" means a person by whom any tax or any other sum of money is payable under this Act, and includes

- Person in respect of whom any proceedings under this Act has been taken for assessment of his income
- Deemed assessee under provisions of this Act
- Any person deemed to be an assesse in default under any provisions of this Act

#### **Assessment Year (A.Y. 2019-20):**

Assessment year means the period starting from April 1 and ending on March 3 1 of the next year.

#### **Previous Year (F.Y. 2018-19)**

The financial year immediately preceding the assessment year





#### **Residential Status**

- Resident-World income is taxable in India
- Non Resident(NRI)-Only income arising or accruing in India is taxable in India
- Resident but Not Ordinarily Resident-Income accruing or arising outside India may also be taxable in India

**Resident:** On basis of stay in India computed separately every year If satisfies any of the below condition:

- 1. He is in India for a period of 182 days or more in the FY OR
- 2. He is in India for 60 days or more during that FY and has been in India for 365 days or more during 4 previous years immediately preceding the relevant Financial Year.



#### **Important Terms**

- **Gross Total Income**
- **\***Deductions
- **❖**Total Income



### **HEADS OF INCOME**

#### > INCOME FROM SALARY

#### Meaning of Salary:

- Wages;
- Pension;
- Annuity;
- Gratuity;
- Advance Salary paid;
- Fees, Commission, Perquisites, Profits in lieu of or in addition to Salary or Wages;
- Annual accretion to the balance of Recognized Provident Fund;
- Leave Encashment;
- Transferred balance in Recognized Provident Fund;
- Contribution by Central Govt. or any other employer to Employees Pension A/c as referred in Sec. 80CCD.



## I. <u>CTC</u> II. Gross Salary

-is employee provident fund (EPF) and gratuity subtracted from the Cost to Company (CTC). To put it in simpler terms, Gross Salary is the amount paid before deduction of taxes or other deductions and is inclusive of bonuses, over-time pay, holiday pay, and other differentials.

For the same example listed above, let's deduce Mr. A yearly salary by subtracting gratuity and Employee Provident Fund contributions.

Rs. 4,00,000 - Rs. 21,600 - Rs. 18,326

= Rs. 3,60,074



Particulars	Amount
Basic Salary	_
Add:	_
1. Fees, Commission and Bonus	_
2. Allowances	_
3. Perquisites	_
4. Retirement Benefits	_
5. Fees, Commission and Bonus	_
Gross Salary	_
Less: Deductions from Salary	_
1. Entertainment Allowance u/s 16	_
2. Professional Tax u/s 16	_
Net Salary	_



Deduction/Exemption

# What is the difference between Exemption and deduction?

- ✓ If an income is exempt from tax, then it is not included in the computation of income. However, the deduction is given from income chargeable to tax. Exempt income will never exceed the amount of income. However, the deduct may be less than or equal to or more than the amount of income.
- **✓ Exemption**: Section 10 deals with exemptions
- ✓ <u>Deduction:</u> Section 80 C to 80 U deals with deduction



## **Exemption**

Section 10(1) to Section 10(38) Deals with exempt Income

#### Section 10(5)-Leave Travel Allowance

- ❖ The bills for your travel against LTA can be claimed for exemption. It is allowed to be claimed twice in a block of four years. The current block is 2018 to 2021.
- ✓ If journey by **Air** –**Economy class fare** of the national carrier( Air India) by shortest route or the **amount spent whichever** is less.
- ✓ If journey by **TRAIN AC** First class fare by shortest route or the amount spent whichever is less
  - ☐ Where places of origin of Journey and destination are connected by rail & journey is performed by any other mode of transport- AC First class fare by shortest route or the amount spent whichever is less.
- ✓ Where places of origin of Journey and destination are not connected by rail,
  - ☐ a) Recognized public transport exists- First class or deluxe class fare by the shortest route or the amount spent, whichever is less.
  - h) No recognized public transport exists AC First class rail fare by Shortest



## **Exemption**

# tion 10(1) to Section 10(38) Deals with exempt Income

#### Section 10(5)-Leave Travel Allowance

#### Conditions:\*

- LTA should be uniform to all the employees
- employers need to collect and scrutinize the proof of travel (ticket etc.)
- limited to the actual expenses incurred
- Any Leave encashed for the purpose of Leave travel or home travel concession is taxable.
- Foreign Travel The exemption is not available in case of Foreign Travel
- The Exemption is not available to more than 2 surviving children of an individual born after 1.10.1998. However, this restriction is not there in respect of children born before 1.10.1998.



#### Section 10(5)-Leave Travel

Claimable expenses: Travel Non-Must have: claimable **Proof of** expenses: Common travel Food, shopping, etc. LTA Rules Claim **Block years:** period: Twice in a 4 years block of 4 (2018-21)years



# Section 10(13A): House Rent Allowance(HRA)

- ☐ This is the famous exemption which is used by many salaried individuals. However, the wrong belief is that whatever the rent they pay is actually exempted from their income. The reality is different. The amount of exemption is least of the following.
- a) Actual HRA Received
- b) 40% of Salary (50%, if house situated in Mumbai, Calcutta, Delhi or Madras)
- c) Rent paid minus 10% of salary

(Salary= Basic + DA (if part of retirement benefit) + Turnover based Commission)

Employee No - 1234	Name - Sharda Shukla 🕞 🔀	mnla
	PF No -	mple:
Joining Date - 21/12/2012	SB/AYE/1234567/123/1234567	

BASIC	30,000	PF	2,000
		Professional	
HRA	13,000	Tax	200
CONVEYANCE	2,000		
SPECIAL ALLOWANCE	3,000		L
MEDICAL	1,250		S comes II
LTA	5,000		
Total Earnings	54,250		
Salary (considering no commission & DA)	30,000*12=3,60,000/-		
10% of Basic Salary	3,60,000*10%=36,000/-		
Rent Paid per month	10,000/-		
Particulars	Calculation	Amount(INR)	
a)Actual HRA Received	13,000*12	1,56,000/-	
b) 50% of Salary	3,60,000*50%	1,80,000 /-	
c)Rent paid (-)10% of salary	(10,000*12)-36,000/-	84,000/-	



# Allowances Exempt under Section 10(14)(I)-No limit

- Travelling Allowance
- Daily Allowance
- Conveyance Allowance:-This is the different allowance than transport allowance. It is the expenditure granted to an employee to meet the expenses on conveyance in performing of his office duties.
- Helper Allowance
- Academic Allowance: Allowance granted for encouraging academic, research & training pursuits in educational & research Institutional.
- Uniform allowance

#### "standard deduction" of Rs. 40,000.

Particulars	Until AY 2018-19	From AY 2019-20
Gross Salary (in Rs.)	5,00, 000	5,00,000
(-) Transport Allowance	19,200	Not Applicable
(-) Medical Allowance	15,000	Not Applicable
(-) Standard Deduction	Not Applicable	40,000
Net Salary	4,65,800	4,60,000

**Benefit of Extra 5,800 now available** 



#### Deduction U/s (16)

There are basically two deduction

1.) Entertainment Allowance [Section 16(ii)] -

(Government Employees)

2.) Professional Tax [Section 16(iii)] -(KIPL- 2,350/-)

## Income from House

#### Dranarty

Particulars	Amount (Rs.)
<u>Gross Annual Value</u>	XXX
Less: Municipal taxes	(xxx)
Net Annual Value	XXX
Less: Deductions u/s 24 Standard deduction Deduction on interest paid	(xxx) (xxx)
Taxable income from house property	

**Deductions:** Annual Value

1. Standard Deduction u/s 24@30% of

Annuai vaiue

2. Interest paid on home loan (Max

Rs. 200,000/-)

- 3. Loan Principle payment u/s 80C
- 4. Deduction for fist time home

buyer u/s 80EE



## Income from House Property

#### **Deduction for fist time home buyer u/s 80EE**

**First time** Home Buyers can claim an additional Tax deduction of up to Rs.50,000 on home loan interest payments under this section. Below are the few conditions for this.

- He must be an individual (Resident or Non-Resident).
- Loan must be taken for the acquisition of the property.
- Loan should be sanctioned after 2016-17.
- Loan amount should not exceed Rs. 35 Lakh.
- The value of the house should not be more than Rs 50 Lakh.
- The home buyer should not have any other existing residential house during the sanction of loan.

Do remember that if you claimed the interest under this section, then the same can't be claimed under other sections for deductions.





### Income from Other Sources

#### 1.) **Income:**

- Dividend
- Interest- From Savings, Term deposit, income tax refund, other
- Income of winnings from lotteries, crossword puzzles etc., excluding income from owning race horses
- Income from the activity of owning and maintaining race horses



# Income from Other Sources - DEDUCTIONS

#### **Deduction on Interest Income Under Section 80TTA**

For a residential individual (age of 60 years or less) or HUF, interest earned upto Rs 10,000 in a financial year is exempt from tax. The deduction is allowed on interest income earned from:

- savings account with a bank;
- savings account with a co-operative society carrying on the business of banking; or
- savings account with a post office

# Senior citizens are not entitled to benefits under section 80TTA.

Interest income in case of Fixed Deposit (PAN)

#### **Tax on Fixed Deposits**

Senior citizens, with effect from 1 April 2018, will enjoy an income tax exemption up to Rs. 50,000/- on the interest income they receive from fixed deposits with banks, post offices etc. under Section 80TTB.



## Income from Other Sources - DEDUCTIONS

#### **Exempt Income**

The PPF and EPF amount you withdraw after maturity is exempt from tax and must be declared as exempt income from income from other sources.

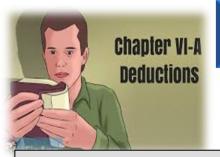
Note that: The EPF is only tax exempt after five years of continuous service.

#### **Family Pension**

If you are collecting pension on behalf of someone who is deceased, then you must show this income under income from other sources. There is a deduction of Rs 15,000 or one-third of the family pension received whichever is lower from the Family Pension Income. This will be added to the taxpayer's income and tax must be paid at the tax rate that is applicable.

#### Taxation of Winnings from Lottery, Game Shows, Puzzles

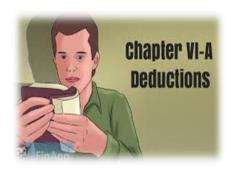
If you receive money from winning the lottery, Online/TV game shows etc., it will be taxable under the head Income from other Sources. The income will be taxable at **the flat rate of 30%** which after adding cess will amount to 30.9%



### **Deductions under Chapter VI-A**

#### Section 8oC

- **■** Maximum Limit- Rs.1,50,000/-
- ☐ You can save tax on salary income from this section alone
- Different Investment in this section includes
  - ✓ Life Insurance premium (Paid by an individual, spouse, and child. In the case of HUF, on the life of any member of HUF).
  - ✓ EPF-Employee contribution can be claimed for deduction.
  - ✓ Public Provident Fund (Paid by an individual, spouse, and child. In the case of HUF, on the life of any member of HUF).
  - ✓ National Savings Certificate (NSC).
  - ✓ Sukanya Samriddhi Account
  - ✓ ELSS or Tax Saving Mutual Funds
  - ✓ Senior Citizen Savings Scheme
  - ✓ 5-Years Post Office or Bank Deposits.
  - ✓ Tuition fee of kids.
  - ✓ Principal payment towards home loan.
  - ✓ Stamp duty and registration cost of the house.

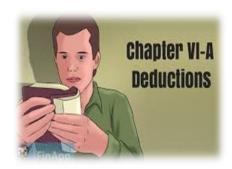


### **Deductions under Chapter VI-A**

#### **Section 8oCCC**

Deduction under Sec.8oCCC is available only for individuals. Contribution to an annuity plan of the LIC of India or any other insurer for receiving the pension. Do remember that the amount should be paid or deposited out of income chargeable to tax.

**Note:**- this is also the part of the combined limit of Rs.1.5 lakh available under Sec.80C Sec.80CCC, and Sec.80CCD(1)



## **Deductions under Chapter VI-A**

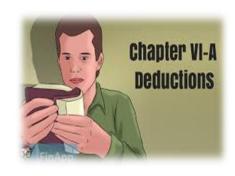
#### NPS Tax Benefit-Section 8oCCD1

• An individual's maximum 20% of annual income (Earlier it was 10% but after Budget 2017, it increased to 20%) or an employees (10% of Basic+DA) contribution will be eligible for deduction.

**Note:**- this is also the part of the combined limit of Rs.1.5 lakh available under Sec.80C Sec.80CCC, and Sec.80CCD(1)

#### NPS Tax Benefit-Section 8oCCD2

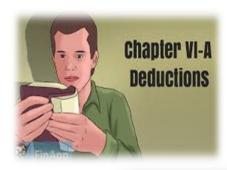
- □ There is a misconception among many that there is no upper limit for this section. However, the limit is least of 3 conditions.
  - 1) Amount contributed by an employer,
  - 2) 10% of Basic+DA and
  - 3) Gross Total Income.
- This is additional deduction which will not form the part of Sec.80C limit.
- □ The deduction under this section will not be eligible for self-employed.



#### **Deductions under**

## NPS Tax Benefit-Section 8oCCD(1B)

- This is the additional tax benefit of up to Rs.50,000 eligible for income tax deduction and was introduced in the Budget 2015, One can avail the benefit of this Sect.80CCD (1B) from FY 2015-16.
- Both self-employed and employees are eligible for availing this deduction.
- This is over and above Sec.80CCD (1).



### **NPS Tax Benefit Summary**

#### NPS Tax Benefits while Investing (for Tier 1 Account)

(www.basunivesh.com)

#### Sec.80CCD (1)

An Individual (20% of annual income) or an employee's (10% of Basic+DA) contribution up to Rs.1.5 lakh is eligible for deduction. This section will be part of Sec.80C limit

#### Sec.80CCD

(1B)

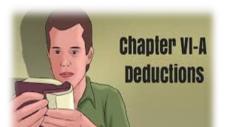
This is the additional benefit of Rs.50,000 over and above Sec.80C limit or what you claim under Sec.80CCD

#### Sec.80CCD (2)

Employer's contribution will be eligible for deduction. This will not form part of Sec,80C limit. This benefit will not be available for self employed. Lowest of below 3 will be eligible for deduction.

- Actual contribution by employer.
  - 2) 10% of Basic+DA.
  - 3) Gross Total Income.

Note-No Tax benefits while investing in Tier 2 NPS account.



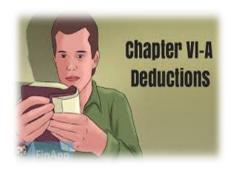
### **Section 80D**

Deduction under this section is available if you satisfy the following conditions.

- The taxpayer should be an individual (resident, NRI or Foreign Citizen) or HUF.
- Payment should be made out of income chargeable to tax.
- Payment should be in NON-CASH mode (for <u>preventive health check up</u>, you can pay either through cash or non-cash mode).

#### **Changes from Budget 2018-**

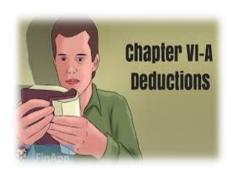
- 1. In Budget 2018, the maximum tax deduction limit for senior citizens under Sec.80D is raised to Rs.50,000. The earlier limit was Rs.30,000.
- 2. In case of single premium health insurance policies having a cover of more than one year, it is proposed that the deduction shall be allowed on a proportionate basis for the number of years for which health insurance cover is provided, subject to the specified monetary limit.



### **Section 80DD**

- ❖ A resident individual or HUF is allowed to claim the deduction
- ❖ If incurred an expenditure for medical treatment, training, and rehabilitation of dependent relative (being a person with a disability).
- ❖ Can be claimed only when deposited or paid for any approved scheme of LIC (or any other insurance) or UTI for the maintenance of such dependent relative.
  - Fixed deduction of Rs.75,000
  - Higher deduction of Rs.1,25,000 is available if such dependent relative is suffering from severe disability

**NOTE:**-dependent means spouse, children, parents, brothers, and sisters, who is wholly and mainly dependent upon the individual.



### **Deductions under**

# Section 8oDDB

An Individual's of HUFs

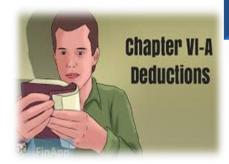
nedical treatment of specified

diseases and ailments subject to certain conditions can be claimed under this section.

The maximum deduction is Rs. 40,000. This can also be claimed on behalf of the dependents. The tax deduction limit under this section for Senior Citizens and very Senior Citizens (above 80 years) is now revised to to Rs 1,00,000.

With effect from the assessment year 2016-17, the taxpayer shall be required to obtain a prescription from a specialist doctor (not necessarily from a doctor working in a Government hospital) for availing this deduction.

Can claim the deduction for the medical treatment of self, spouse, children, parents brothers, and sisters of the individual.

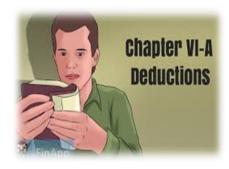


### Section 80DDB

The ailments covered under this section are as below:

# Neurological Diseases where the disability level has been certified to be of 40% and above;

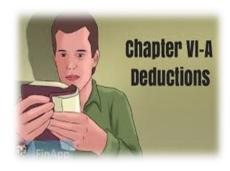
- (a) Dementia
- (b) Dystonia Musculorum Deformans
- (c) Motor Neuron Disease
- (d) Ataxia
- (e) Chorea
- (f) Hemiballismus
- (g) Aphasia
- (h) Parkinson's Disease
- # Malignant Cancers
- # Full Blown Acquired Immuno-Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS);
- # Chronic Renal Failure
- # Hematological disorders
  - a) Hemophilia
  - b) Thalassaemia



### **Section 80E**

- ☐ If the loan is taken by an individual for any study in India or outside India, then they can claim the deduction.
- ☐ The interest part of the loan on such education loan can be claimed for deduction for pursuing individual's own education or for the education of his relatives (Spouse, children or any student for whom the individual is legal guardian).
- ☐ The entire interest is deductible in the year in which the individual starts to pay interest on the loan and subsequent 7 years or until interest is paid in full (i.e for total 8 years).

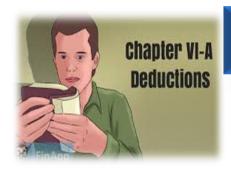
**NOTE:-**Interest should be paid out of the income of chargeable to tax.



### **Section 80G**

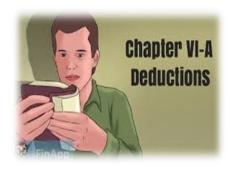
- ☐ Donations to certain approved funds, trusts, charitable institutions/donations for renovation or repairs of notified temples, etc can be claimed as a deduction under this section.
- ☐ This deduction can only be claimed when the contribution made by cheque or draft or in cash. In-kind contributions like food material, clothes, medicines etc. do not qualify for deduction under this section.
- ☐ The donations made to any Political party can be claimed under section 80GGC.

From **FY 2017-18**, the limit of deduction under section 80G / 80GGC for donations made in cash is **reduced from current Rs 10,000 to Rs 2,000 only.** 



### **Section 80GG**

- ❖ This section only applies to those who have not availed HRA in their salary or not claiming the deduction on their rent in any of the other sections of income Conditions:
  - Applicable to Individual or HUF.
  - ➤ Tax Payer may be either salaried or a self-employed. However, must not be getting HRA.
  - ➤ Tax Payer himself or spouse/Minor Child/HUF of which he is a member should not own any accommodation at a place where he is doing a job or business
  - ➤ If Tax Payer owns a house at a place other than the place noted above, then the concession in respect of self-occupied property is not claimed by him [Under Section 23 (2) (a) or 23 (4) (a)].
  - ➤ Tax Payer has to file a declaration in <u>Form No.10BA</u> regarding the expenditure incurred by him towards the payment of rent.

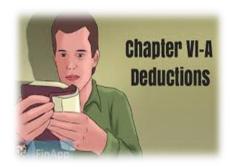


### **Section 80GG**

#### How much amount of deduction one can avail under Sec. 80GG?

If the all five conditions are satisfied, the amount deductible under Section 80GG is **LEAST OF THE FOLLOWING**.

- Rs.5, 000 per month;
- 25% of total income of taxpayer for the year; or
- Rent Paid less 10% of total income (Rent Paid-10% of Total Income).



### **Section 80GG**

#### **Example:**

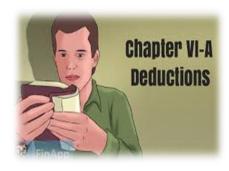
#### What is total income for the purpose of Sec. 80GG?

We can calculate it as below.

Total Income=Gross Total Income-LTCG-STCG-Income referred under the Sec.115A-Amount deductible under Sec.80C to 80U (except Section 80GG)

- **❖** Mr. X's total income (calculated as per above formula) is Rs.4, 00,000. He pays an annual rent of Rs.1, 50,000. Then least of the below will be applicable for deduction under Sec. 80GG.
- •Rs.60, 000 per year.
- •Rent Paid-10% of Total Income=Rs.1,50,000-Rs.40,000=Rs.1,10,000'-.
- •25% of Total Income i.e. Rs.1, 00,000/-.

So least of the above will be **Rs.60, 000/-**, which one can claim under Section 80GG for that particular FY.



### **Section 8oU**

- ☐ To claim tax benefits under Sec.80U, the taxpayer should be an individual and resident of India.
- ☐ If he is suffering from 40% or more than 40% of any disability, then he can claim a tax deduction.
- ☐ You can claim the fixed deduction of Rs.75,000. a higher deduction of Rs.1,25,000 is allowed in respect of a person with a severe disability (i.e. having a disability of 80% or above).



### Rebate under Section 87A

❖ The tax rebate of Rs.2,500 for individuals with income of up to Rs 3.5 Lakh has been proposed in Budget 2017-18.

To avail this benefit, there are certain conditions and they are as below.

- The taxpayer must be a resident individual.
- Your Total Income (Less Deductions from 80C to 80U) is equal to or less than Rs.3,50,000.
- The rebate is the 100% of income tax on such income or Rs.2,500 (whichever is less).

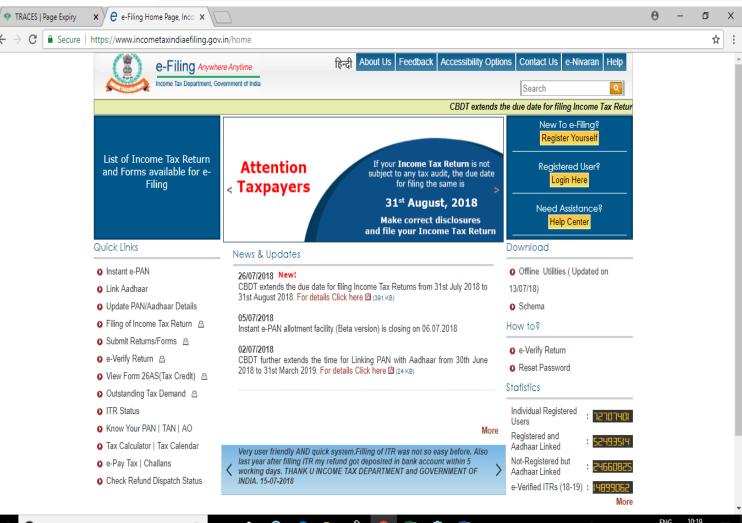


#### Total ITRs are – ITR 1 to ITR 7

#### ITR-1

- i. Earlier ITR-1 was applicable for both Residents, Residents Not ordinarily resident (RNOR) and also Non-residents. Now, this form has been made applicable only for resident individuals
- ii. The condition of the individual having income from salaries, one house property, other income and having total income up to Rs 50 lakhs continues
- iii. There is a requirement to furnish a break-up of salary. Until now, these details would appear only in Form 16 and the requirement to disclose them in the return had never arisen
- iv. There is also a requirement to furnish a break up of Income under House Property which was earlier mandatory only for ITR -2 and other forms



















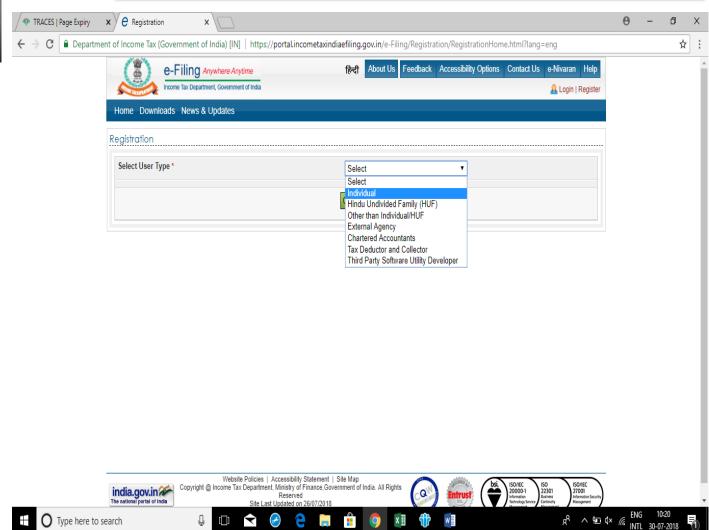




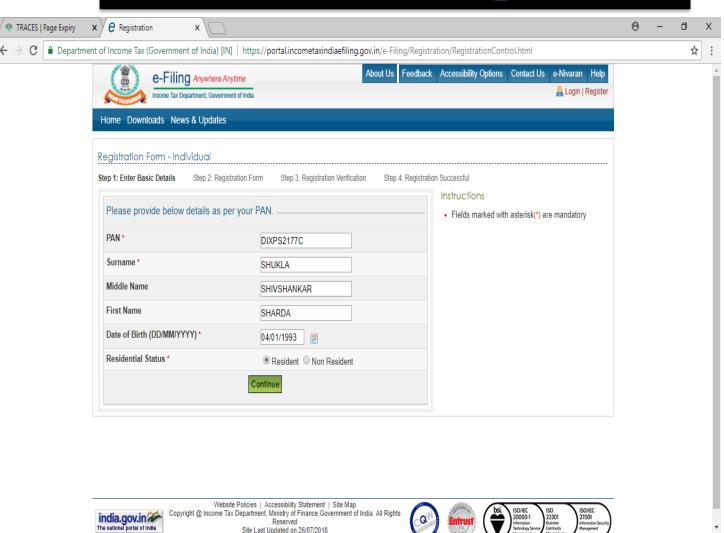
































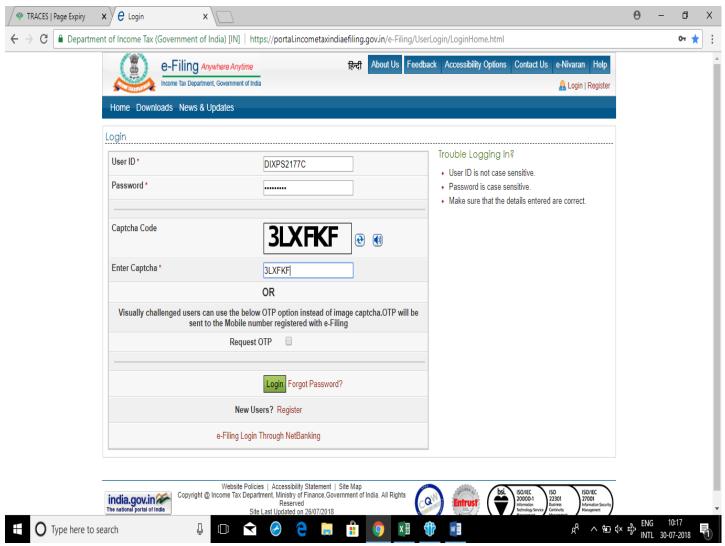




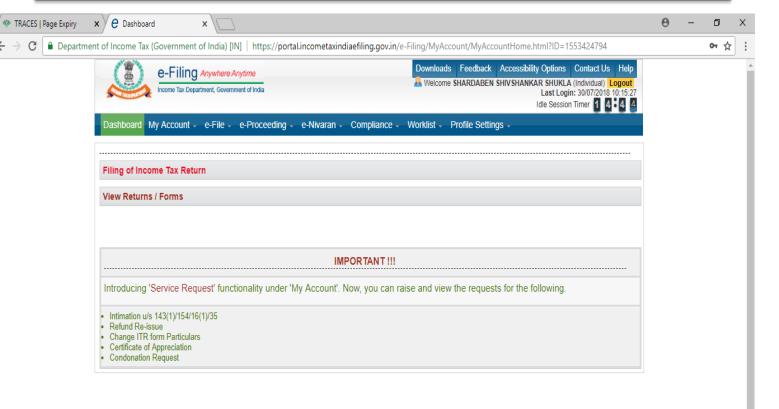




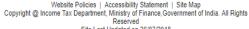












































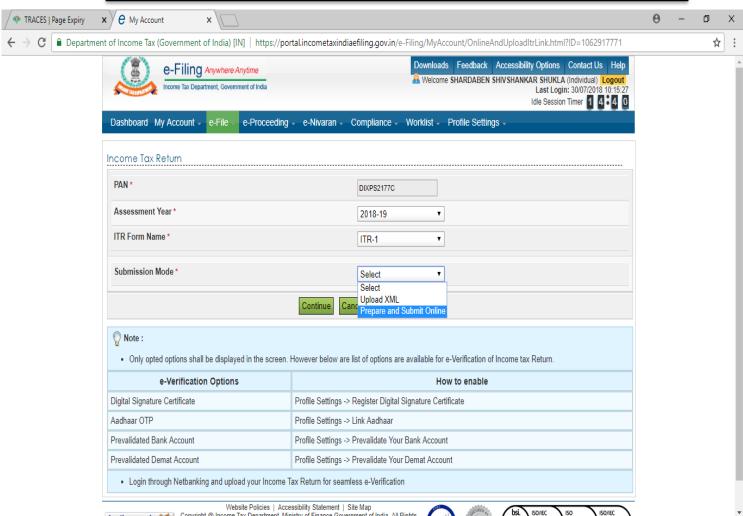








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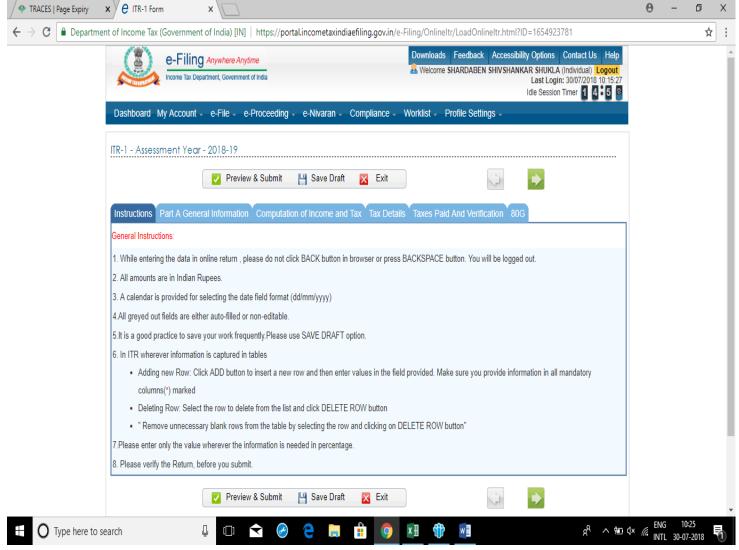


Income Lax Return				
PAN*	DIXPS2177C			
Assessment Year *	2018-19 ▼			
ITR Form Name *	ITR-1 ▼			
Submission Mode *	Prepare and Submit Or V			
<ul> <li>The below personal details shall be prefille</li> <li>PAN</li> <li>Name</li> <li>Date of birth</li> </ul>	ed from PAN database.			
Address, mobile number and e-mail ID sha     Tax details shall be prefilled from Form 26. Additionally the below Fields/Schedules also items are not selected then those items will items.	AS.  o can be pre-filled from Latest ITR filed and processed by CPC. Ple	ease select the required items to b	be pre-filled. If the	
<ul> <li>Tax details shall be prefilled from Form 26/ Additionally the below Fields/Schedules also</li> </ul>	AS.  o can be pre-filled from Latest ITR filed and processed by CPC. Ple	ease select the required items to b	be pre-filled. If the	
Tax details shall be prefilled from Form 26. Additionally the below Fields/Schedules also items are not selected then those items will items.	AS.  o can be pre-filled from Latest ITR filed and processed by CPC. Ple			
Tax details shall be prefilled from Form 26. Additionally the below Fields/Schedules also items are not selected then those items will i  Field/Schedule	AS. ocan be pre-filled from Latest ITR filed and processed by CPC. Ple not be considered for prefilling.	Source	Select	
Tax details shall be prefilled from Form 26. Additionally the below Fields/Schedules also items are not selected then those items will items.  Field/Schedule  Employee category	AS. On the pre-filled from Latest ITR filed and processed by CPC. Ple not be considered for prefilling.  Civil Code under Sec 5A?	Source Latest ITR	Select	
Tax details shall be prefilled from Form 26. Additionally the below Fields/Schedules also items are not selected then those items will in Field/Schedule Employee category Whether person governed by Portuguese 0.	AS. On the pre-filled from Latest ITR filed and processed by CPC. Ple not be considered for prefilling.  Civil Code under Sec 5A?	Source Latest ITR Latest ITR	Select	
Tax details shall be prefilled from Form 26. Additionally the below Fields/Schedules also items are not selected then those items will items are not selected then those items will items.  Field/Schedule  Employee category  Whether person governed by Portuguese (If governed by Portuguese Civil code, PAN)	AS. On the pre-filled from Latest ITR filed and processed by CPC. Ple not be considered for prefilling.  Civil Code under Sec 5A?	Source Latest ITR Latest ITR Latest ITR	Select	
Tax details shall be prefilled from Form 26. Additionally the below Fields/Schedules also items are not selected then those items will be refilled.  Field/Schedule  Employee category  Whether person governed by Portuguese 0 If governed by Portuguese Civil code, PAN Type of House Property	AS. On the pre-filled from Latest ITR filed and processed by CPC. Ple not be considered for prefilling.  Civil Code under Sec 5A?	Source Latest ITR Latest ITR Latest ITR Latest ITR	Select	
Tax details shall be prefilled from Form 26. Additionally the below Fields/Schedules also items are not selected then those items will items are not selected then those items will items.  Field/Schedule  Employee category  Whether person governed by Portuguese C if governed by Portuguese C if governed by Portuguese C ivil code, PAN Type of House Property  Bank Details	AS. On the pre-filled from Latest ITR filed and processed by CPC. Ple not be considered for prefilling.  Civil Code under Sec 5A?	Source Latest ITR Latest ITR Latest ITR Latest ITR Latest ITR Latest ITR	Select	



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	items are not selected then those items will not be considered for prefilling.			
	Field/Schedule	Source	Select	
	Employee category	Latest ITR		
	Whether person governed by Portuguese Civil Code under Sec 5A?	Latest ITR		
	If governed by Portuguese Civil code, PAN of the Spouse	Latest ITR		
	Type of House Property	Latest ITR		
	Bank Details	Latest ITR		
	Salary	Form 26AS		
	Income from other Sources	Form 26AS		
	Tax relief u/s 89	Form 10E		
	AADHAAR OTP ( AADHAAR number XXXX XXXX 2280 )-Mobile number registered with UIDA 30 minutes only, please complete the filing activity before the OTP expires. OTP will become inv Already generated EVC through My Account -> Generate EVC option or Bank ATM. Validity from the time of generation	alid in case of logout or moving to	and it is valid for other functionalities	
	I would like to e-Verify later. Please remind me			
	OR			
	<ul> <li>I don't want to e-Verify this Income Tax Return and would like to send signed ITR-V throug "Centralized Processing Center, Income Tax Department, Bengaluru - 560 500"</li> </ul>	h normal or speed post to		
	I want to use Hindi Form to prepare and submit  Continue  Cancel			







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Ir	nstructions F	Part A General Information	Computation of Income and Tax Tax Details Taxes Paid And Verification	80G		
P	art A Gener'	al Information				- 1
P	PAN *	DIXPS2177C	First Name	SHARDABEN		
N	Middle Name	SHIVSHANKAR	Last Name*	SHUKLA		
N (F th N	Aadhaar Number Please enter he Aadhaar Number if Illoted.)	699157872280	Aadhaar Enrolment Id Note: If Aadhaar Number is not yet allotted then Aadhaar Enrolment Id is required. All the digits in enrolment ID & Date and time of enrolment to be entered continuously. For example Enrolment ID: 1234/12345/12345 & Date/Time of enrollment: 01/12/2016 11:50:22 to be entered as 1234123451234501122016115022			
D	Date Of Birth*	04/01/1983	Mobile Number*	91 9033149299		
	Email Address*	s_sharda532@yahoo.in				
A	Address					
	Flat/ Door/ Block No*	Brahmdev society	Name Of Premises/Building/Village			
	Road/ Street/ Post Office	Link Road(R.S.)	Area/ Locality*	Dungri		
	Town/ City/ District*	VALSAD	State*	GUJARAT ▼		
Р	Pin Code	396375				
Е	Employer Categ	gory* Select	•			*



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	Road/ Street/ Post Office	Link Road(R.S.)	Area/ Locality*		Dungri			
	Town/ City/ District*	VALSAD	State*		GUJARAT ▼			
	Pin Code	396375						
	Employer Cate	gory* Select	T					
	Return Filed * 11 - Voluntaril	y on or before th ▼		Whether original or r Original	evised return?*			
	if under section	: 139(5)- revision return:						
	Orginal Acknow	vledgement Number		Date Of Filing Of Ori	ginal Return (DD/MM/YYYY)			
	If under Sec 13	9(9)- Defective return :						1
	Orginal Acknow	vledgement Number	Notice Number	Date Of Filing Of Ori	ginal Return (DD/MM/YYYY)			ı
	If filed in respor	nse to notice u/s 139(9)/142(	1)/148/153A/153C, enter the date of such notice:					ı
	Are you govern Portuguese civi	ed by il code as per section 5A* N	0 •	if Yes, fill the PAN of	Spouse			ı
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	india.gov.in	Copyright @ Income Tax	e Policies   Accessibility Statement   Site Map Department, Ministry of Finance, Government of India. All Rights Reserved Site Last Updated on 26/07/2018 in latest version of Chrome, Firefox, Safari and Internet Explorer.	an Entrust	SSL SO/IEC 20000-1 SSO 22201 Internation Stevening Services Continues Contin			Y



















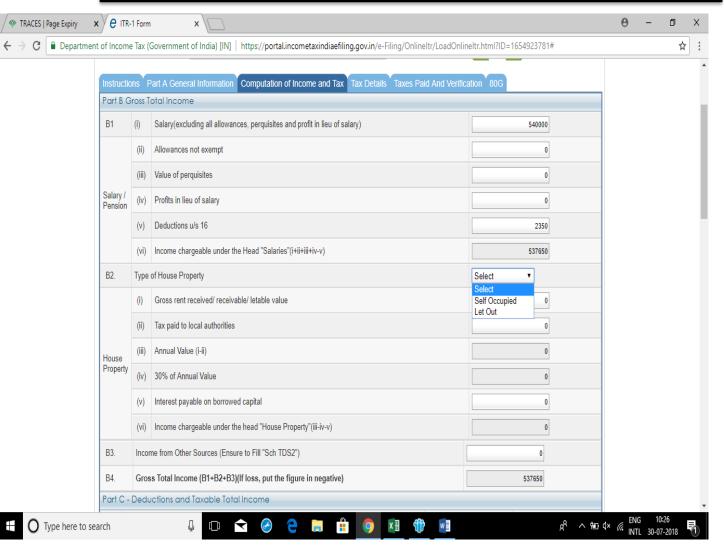














B4. Gross Total Income (B1+B2+B3)(If loss, put the	igure in negative)		537650	
Part C - Deductions and Taxable Total Income				
Section		Amount	System Calculated	
80C-Life insurance premia, deferred annuity, contribution equity shares or debentures, etc.	ns to provident fund, subscription to certain	86000	86000	
80CCC-Payment in respect Pension Fund, etc.		0	0	
80CCD(1)-Contribution to pension scheme of Central G	overnment	0	0	
80CCD(1B)-Contribution to pension scheme of Central	Government	0	0	
80CCD(2)-Contribution to pension scheme of Central G	overnment by employer	0	0	
80CCG-Investment made under an equity savings sche	me	0	0	
80D				
(A)Health Insurance Premium	Select ▼	0		
(B)Medical expenditure	Select ▼	0	0	
(C)Preventive health check-up	Select ▼	0		
80DD -Maintenance including medical treatment of a dependant who is a person with disability	Select ▼	0	0	
80DDB-Medical treatment of specified disease	Select ▼	0	0	
80E-Interest on loan taken for higher education		0	0	
80EE-Interest on loan taken for residential house prope	rty	0	0	
80G(Eligible Amount)-Donations to certain funds, charit	able institutions, etc.	0	0	



B4.	Gross Total Income (B1+B2+B3)(If loss, put the fig	ure in negative)			537650			•
Part	C - Deductions and Taxable Total Income							
	Section		Amount		System Calculated			
	80C-Life insurance premia, deferred annuity, contributions equity shares or debentures, etc.	to provident fund, subscription to certain		167000	150000			
	80CCC-Payment in respect Pension Fund, etc.			0	0			
	80CCD(1)-Contribution to pension scheme of Central Gov	ernment		0	0			
	80CCD(1B)-Contribution to pension scheme of Central Go	vernment		0	0			
	80CCD(2)-Contribution to pension scheme of Central Gov	ernment by employer		0	0			
	80CCG-Investment made under an equity savings scheme	9		0	0			
	80D							
	(A)Health Insurance Premium	Select ▼		0				
	(B)Medical expenditure	Select ▼		0	0			
	(C)Preventive health check-up	Select ▼		0				
	80DD -Maintenance including medical treatment of a dependant who is a person with disability	Select ▼		0	0			
	80DDB-Medical treatment of specified disease	Select ▼		0	0			
	80E-Interest on loan taken for higher education			0	0			
	80EE-Interest on loan taken for residential house property			0	0			
	80G(Eligible Amount)-Donations to certain funds, charitab	le institutions, etc		0	0			
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Limit- Rs. 1,50,000/-



	B4. Gross Total Income (B1+B2+B3)(If loss, put the f	igure in negative)		537650	
F	Part C - Deductions and Taxable Total Income				
	Section		Amount	System Calculated	
	80C-Life insurance premia, deferred annuity, contribution equity shares or debentures, etc.	ns to provident fund, subscription to certain	167000	150000	
	80CCC-Payment in respect Pension Fund, etc.		0	0	
	80CCD(1)-Contribution to pension scheme of Central Go	overnment	0	0	
	80CCD(1B)-Contribution to pension scheme of Central (	Government	0	0	
	80CCD(2)-Contribution to pension scheme of Central Go	overnment by employer	0	0	
	80CCG-Investment made under an equity savings scher	me	0	0	
	80D				
	(A)Health Insurance Premium	Select ▼	0		
	(B)Medical expenditure	Select Self and Family Self (Senior citizen) and Family		0	
	(C)Preventive health check-up	Parents Parents (Senior citizen)			
	80DD -Maintenance including medical treatment of a dependant who is a person with disability	Self and Family including Parents Self and Family including Senior Citiz Self (Senior Citizen) and Family includ	en Parents	0	
	80DDB-Medical treatment of specified disease	Select   Select	0	0	
	80E-Interest on loan taken for higher education		0	0	
	80EE-Interest on loan taken for residential house proper	ty	0	0	
	80G(Eligible Amount)-Donations to certain funds, charita	able institutions, etc	0	0	
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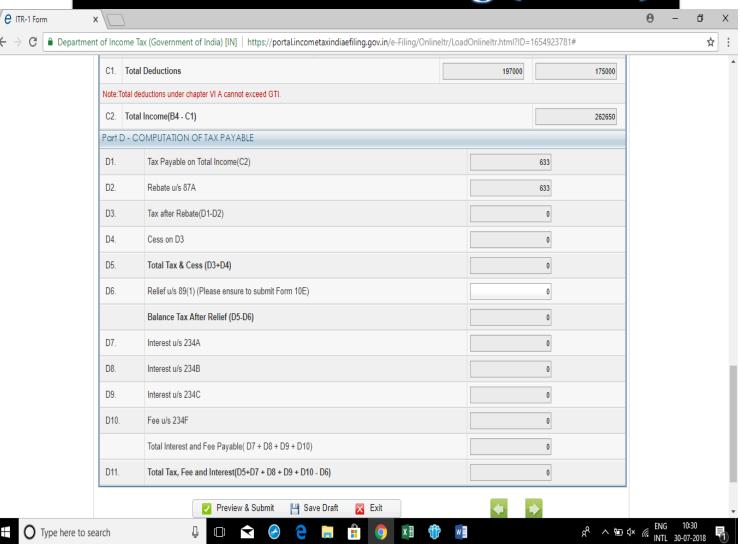
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	80D				
	(A)Health Insurance Premium	Self and Family ▼	30000		
	(B)Medical expenditure	Select ▼	[O	25000	
	(C)Preventive health check-up	Select ▼	0		
	80DD -Maintenance including medical treatment of a dependant who is a person with disability	Select ▼	0	0	
	80DDB-Medical treatment of specified disease	Select ▼	0	0	
	80E-Interest on loan taken for higher education		0	0	
	80EE-Interest on loan taken for residential house property		0	0	
	80G(Eligible Amount)-Donations to certain funds, charitab	le institutions, etc	0	0	
	80GG-Rent paid		0	0	
	80GGA-Certain donations for scientific research or rural d	evelopment	0	0	
	80GGC-Donation to Political party		0	0	
	80RRB-Royalty on patents		0	0	
	80QQB-Royalty income of authors of certain books.		0	0	
	80TTA-Income from Interest on saving bank Accounts		0	0	
	80U-In case of a person with disability.	Select ▼	0	0	
Cf	I. Total Deductions		197000	175000	



C	C1. Tota	Deductions	197000	175000	
No	ote:Total de	eductions under chapter VI A cannot exceed GTI.			
C	C2. Tota	I Income(B4 - C1)		362650	
Po	art D - C	OMPUTATION OF TAX PAYABLE			
С	01.	Tax Payable on Total Income(C2)		5633	
	02.	Rebate u/s 87A		0	
С	03.	Tax after Rebate(D1-D2)		5633	
D	04.	Cess on D3		169	
С	05.	Total Tax & Cess (D3+D4)		5802	
С	06.	Relief u/s 89(1) (Please ensure to submit Form 10E)		0	
		Balance Tax After Relief (D5-D6)		5802	
С	07.	Interest u/s 234A		0	
С	08.	Interest u/s 234B		0	
С	09.	Interest u/s 234C		0	
С	O10.	Fee u/s 234F		0	
		Total Interest and Fee Payable( D7 + D8 + D9 + D10)		0	
С	011.	Total Tax, Fee and Interest(D5+D7 + D8 + D9 + D10 - D6)		5802	



Rebate u/s 87A Limit- Taxable Income-Rs.3,50,000/-





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	Instruction	ns E	Part A General Informatio	n Computation of Income a	and Tax Tax De	tails Taxe	es Paid And Va	erification 80G			
				et the TDS/TCS/IT details as a		_	por alarma ve	Similation 666	Refresh		
				at Source from SALARY [.			y Employer(s	5)]			
	SI.No.		Tax Deduction Account Number(TAN) [Col (1)]	Name of Deductor [Col (2)]		Income char Salaries [Col (3)]	argeable under	Total tax deducte [Col (4)]	d		
	1		CHEK07797G	KOMATSU INDIA PRIVATE LII			362650		5802		
	Total								5802		
	- Add	X D	elete								
		2 -De	etails of Tax Deducted	at Source from Income C	OTHER THAN Sal	lary [As pe	er Form 16 A	issued by Deducto	r(s)]		
	SI.No		Tax Deduction Account Number (TAN) of the Deductor [Col (1)]	Name of the Deductor [Col (2)]	Amount w subject to Deduction [Col (3)]	tax	Year of tax deduction [Col (4)]	Tax Deducted [Col (5)]	Amount out of (5) claimed this year [Col (6)]		
	1						Select ▼				
	Total								0		
	- Add	X D	elete								
	4								<b>+</b>		
	Sch-TDS	3 - De	etails of Tax Deducted	at Source [As per Form 2	26QC furnised b	y the Dec	ductor(s)]				
	SI.No		Permanent Account Number of the Tenant [Col (1)]	Name of the Tenant [Col (2)]	Amount which subject to tax Deduction [Col (3)]	de de	ear of tax leduction Col (4)]	Tax Deducted	Amount out of (5) claimed this year [Col (6)]		
	1					5	Select ▼				



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	,			'		,				1
ITR-1 - /	Assessment '	Year - 2018-19								
		Preview & Sub	mit 💾 Save Draft	X Exit		<b>4</b>	•			
Instruc	tions Part A	General Information Com	putation of Income and Tax	Tax Details	Taxes Paid And	d Verification 800	3			
Total T	Taxes Paid									
		NOTE THAT CALCULATED FII figures below will get filled up v				ES AND ARE NOT	TO BE ENTERED. For ex: The			
	D12(i).	Total Advance Tax Paid	0	D12(ii).	Total Self Asses	sment Tax Paid	0			
	D12(iii).	Total TDS Claimed	5802	D12(iv).	Total TCS Claim	ed	0			
D12(v)	). Total Taxes	s Paid (D12[(i)+(ii)+(iii)+(iv)])					5802			
D13.	Amount Pa	ayable(D11 - D12)(if D11 > D1	2)				0			
D14.	Refund(D1	2 - D11)(if D12 > D11)					0			
Exemp	ot Income(Fo	or reporting purposes)								
i.	Sec.10(38)	(Exempted Long term Capital	Gains )				0			
ii.	Sec.10(34)	(Exempted Dividend Income	)				0			
iii.	Agriculture	Income( <= Rs.5000)					0			
iv.	Others									
SI.No.	Natur	re of Income	Description ( If Any	Other selected	l)	Amount				
1	Sele	ect •								
Total			A A =				0	. ENC	10:32	,



Exempt	Inco	me(For reporting purposes)					
i.	Sec	.10(38) (Exempted Long term Capital Ga	iains )		0		
ii.	Sec	.10(34) (Exempted Dividend Income )			0		
iii.	Agri	iculture Income( <= Rs.5000)			0		
iv.	Othe	rs					
SI.No.		Nature of Income	Description ( If Any Other selected)		Amount		
1		Select ▼					
- Add		Sec 10(10)-Death-cum-retirement gra	ratuity received				
D15.Deta	ails of a	Sec 10(10D)-Sum received under a li Sec 10(11)-Statuory Provident Fund i de Sec 10(12)-Recognised Provident Fu Sec 10(13)-Approved superannuatior Sec 10(13A)-House Rent Allowance Sec 10(14)(i)-Allowances or benefits	nsion received ment sation received station received soluntary retirement or termination of service life insurance policy including bonus received und received in fund received solution in a nature of perquisite specifically granted ar			ent	
D15.Deta a) Bank S.No. II 1 [ b) Othe	Accor FS Coo	Sec 10(10AA)-Earned leave encashr all Sec 10(10B)-Retrenchment Compens Sec 10(10C)-Amount received on vol Sec 10(10D)-Sum received under a li Sec 10(11)-Statuory Provident Fund the Sec 10(12)-Recognised Provident Funds Sec 10(12)-Recognised Provident Funds Sec 10(13A)-House Rent Allowance Sec 10(14)(ii)-Allowances or benefits Kec 10(14)(ii)-Allowances or benefits Sec 10(15)-Income by way of interes Sec 10(16)-Scholarships granted to a	nsion received ment sation received shuntary retirement or termination of service life insurance policy including bonus received und received in fund received is not in a nature of perquisite specifically granted it ist, premium on redemption or other payment on sur	n performance	e of duties of office or employment		tes
a) Bank S.No. II  b) Othe S.No.	ails of a	Sec 10(10AA)-Earned leave encashr all Sec 10(10B)-Retrenchment Compens Sec 10(10C)-Amount received on vol Sec 10(10D)-Sum received under a li Sec 10(11)-Statuory Provident Fund the Sec 10(12)-Recognised Provident Funds Sec 10(12)-Recognised Provident Funds Sec 10(13A)-House Rent Allowance Sec 10(14)(ii)-Allowances or benefits Kec 10(14)(ii)-Allowances or benefits Sec 10(15)-Income by way of interes Sec 10(16)-Scholarships granted to a	nsion received ment sation received stron received soluntary retirement or termination of service life insurance policy including bonus received und received in fund received so not in a nature of perquisite specifically granted ar ts not in a nature of perquisite specifically granted in st, premium on redemption or other payment on sur meet the cost of education	n performance	e of duties of office or employment		tes



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Part E - Other Information							•
	5.Details of all Bank Accounts held in India at any time during the previous year (excluding dormant accounts) *						
a) Bank Account in which refund, if any, shall be credited							
S.No. IFS Code of the bank	Name of the bank		Account Number (the number should be 9 digits or more as per CBS system of the bank)				
1 IBKL0000409	IDBI Ltd		0409104000019567				
b) Other Bank Account details							
S.No. IFS Code of the ba	nk Name of the bar	nk	Account Number (the nu or more as per CBS sys	mber should be 9 digits tem of the bank)			
2							
■ Add X Delete							
Verification	erification						- 1
I,* SHARDABEN SHIVSHANKA son/daughter of * SHIVSHANKAR RAMNARES solemnly declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the information given in the return is correct and complete and in accordance with the provisions of the Income- tax Act 1961,							
	I further declare that I am making this return in my capacity as SELF and I am also competent to make this return and verify it. I am holding permanent account number* DIXPS2177C						
Place * CHENNAI							
If the return has been prepared by a Tax Return Preparer (TRP) give further details below:							- 1
Identification No. of TRP	Name of TRP	If TRP is entitled for any	reimbursement from the	Government, amount thereof			- 1
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	Instructions Part A General Information								
	Instructions for correct calculation of 80G  A. Donations entitled for 100% deduction without qualifying limit								
	S No. Name of Donee* Ad	ddress * City or Town or District *	State * Pin Code	PAN of Donee*	Amount of Donation*	Eligible Amount of Donation			
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	B.Donations entitled for 50% deduction without qualifying limit								
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	C.Donations entitled for 100% deduction subject to qualifying limit								
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	D. Donations entitled for 50% de	eduction subject to qualifyin	g limit						
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